

KAISER VICTOR IN GREATEST OF NAVAL FIGHTS

FIRST IMPORTANT BATTLE BETWEEN NAVAL ARMS OF BELLIGERENT NATIONS.

NEARLY 7,000 SAILORS PERISH IN THIS BATTLE

Battle Cruisers Crumble, and Armored Ships Death Traps—British Lose 20 Vessels of Various Kinds and Germanus 14 or More.

London.—In the first great naval engagement between the belligerent powers, England's pride has been humbled, and the Germans are wild with delight. The German fleet, long in hiding in Kiel, has at last sallied forth and dared the British to mortal combat, with the result that England now knows the taste of defeat on the sea. The battle lasted for the full 24 hours.

Three British battle cruisers, the Queen Mary, Indefatigable and Invincible—three armored cruisers—Black Prince, Defense and Warrior—and eight destroyers were sunk. Six other destroyers are missing.

That the casualties in the fighting were heavy is indicated by the fact that of the crew of some 900 on board the Indefatigable, only two men are known to have been saved. Full details of the fight, in which Zeppelins are declared to have taken part, are being gathered by the British admiralty, and pending their receipt the censor is withholding permission to correspondents to send out stories from London.

The German losses, so far as they are known, are one battleship, the Pommer; two cruisers, the Weisbaden and the Frauenlob, and six German destroyers. It is believed that at least one German cruiser was sunk.

Other naval battles have called more ships into action and more vessels have been lost, but no such tremendous masses of steel, no such armaments, no such issues were joined in battle on the seas as were joined on the turbulent North Sea.

Estimated Losses.

Loss of life, British	4,800
Loss of life, German	2,750
Number of vessels lost, British	14
Number of vessels lost, German	11
Tonnage lost, British	115,000
Tonnage lost, German	45,000
Loss in money value, British	\$115,000,000
Loss in money value, German	45,000,000

The scene of battle was in the eastern waters of the North Sea, known as Skagerrak. It is probable that the fleet was on one of the excursions into the North Sea which it has taken from time to time during the war and met, whether or not by design, with the British fleet.

Skagerrak is an arm of the North Sea between Norway and Denmark. This would indicate that the battle was fought off the coast of Denmark. From the reef to the Helgoland, the main German naval base in the North Sea, is about 100 miles.

In the destruction of the Russian Admiral Rojstvensky's fleet in the war with Japan, in 1905, 21 ships were sunk and 4,000 lives were lost.

CARRANZA'S MEN AIDING U. S.

In Spite of Threatening Note It Is Discovered That Obregon Is Following Funston's Advice.

Washington, D. C.—Despite the threatening tone of Gen. Carranza's last note, his military forces in Chihuahua state are being disposed in general accord with the plan disclosed by Gen. Obregon during his conference at El Paso with Generals Scott and Funston. This was shown when Gen. Funston sent word that the 20,000 Carranza soldiers mobilized within the last few days at Chihuahua City had been spread over the region not controlled by Gen. Pershing's column in a way to carry out an active pursuit of bandits.

Cold in Petrograd.
Petrograd.—Phenomenal cold for this time of the year prevails throughout Russia. The street cars at Kazan have been stopped by snow. The temperature at many points is below freezing.

Mountain Fire in Texas.
Marathon, Texas.—A mountain fire in the Glass Mountain district, 12 miles west of here, has destroyed 30 sections of timber and grass lands.

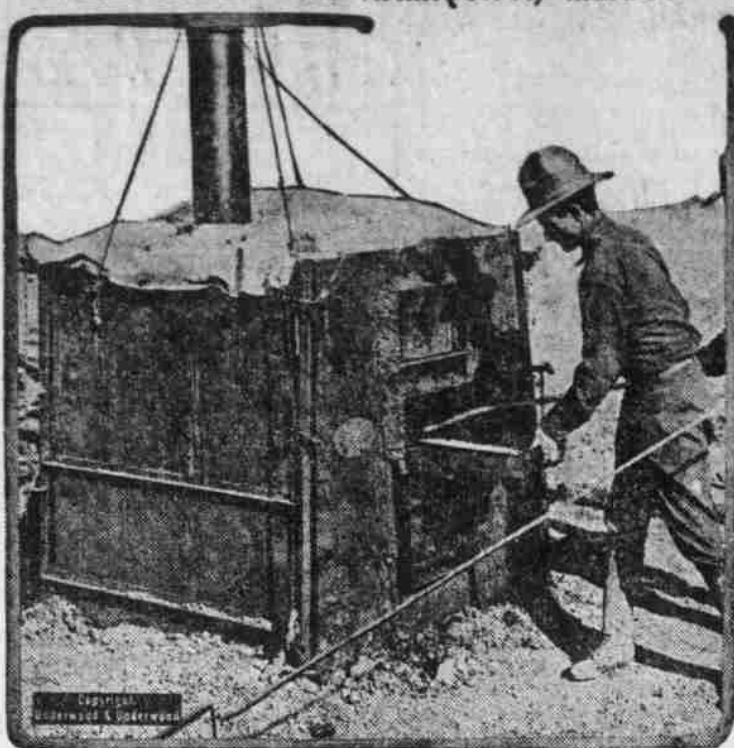
Gasoline Hearing June 12, 13.
Washington.—The federal trade commission announced that it will hold hearings June 12 and 13 to give the interests concerned an opportunity to explain the rise in the price of gasoline.

Lower Passenger Rate Ordered.
Nashville, Tenn.—The Tennessee railroad commission ruled that the present 3-cent passenger rate of the Illinois Central Railroad is too high and the company was given 30 days to reduce the rate to 2½ cents.

Navy Bill Adopted by House.
Washington.—The house adopted an amendment to the naval bill appropriating \$6,000,000 to equip the Puget Sound, Philadelphia, Norfolk, Charleston, Boston and Portsmouth, N. H., and New Orleans navy yards to "build such ships as may be assigned to them."

Archbishop Nutt Dies at 72.
Kingston, Island of Jamaica, B. W. I.—The Most Rev. Enos Nutt, D. D., archbishop of the West Indies, is dead at the age of 72 years.

FIELD BAKERY AT NAMIQUEIPA, MEXICO



Field bakery in operation in the American camp near Namiquipa, Mexico. In the various field camps and headquarters of the American forces in Mexico bread is now being supplied direct from the army bakeries. In the early stages of the campaign food was carried from the border to the various camps and depots in motor trucks. The installation of the field bakeries releases these trucks for other important duties.

NAVAL BILL PASSES HOUSE

VOTE IS ALMOST UNANIMOUS ON MEASURE.

Only Four Representatives Oppose Law—Carries \$270,000,000 Out-put for Coming Year.

Washington, D. C.—The naval appropriation bill, carrying \$270,000,000 for sea preparedness, was passed by the house of representatives yesterday afternoon by a vote of 353 to 4. A wild outburst of enthusiasm greeted the announcement of the final vote.

The building program includes five battle cruisers, four scout cruisers, 10 destroyers, 50 submarines and 130 aeroplanes.

A motion to recommit the bill with instructions to amend by adding two battleships, two scout cruisers and 10 destroyers was beaten, 189 to 183, and the way cleared for a vote on the measure as framed in committee of the whole.

As the bill passed, it was increased by nearly \$30,000,000 over the original measure submitted to the house by the naval affairs committee. In addition to this increase in immediate appropriations, the house added many millions more in authorization for future naval expenditures.

Both Democrats and Republicans voted for first passage of the measure, after the Democrats, by the narrow margin of six votes, had defeated a strenuous Republican fight to increase the measure all along the line.

Those who voted against the bill on its final passage were Browning, Republican, New Jersey; Graham, Republican, Pennsylvania; Randall, Democrat, California, and London, Socialist, New York.

KITCHENER IS TO BE HECKLED

House of Commons Members Question Commander as Result of Churchill's Criticisms.

London, England.—Lord Kitchener was cheered to the echo when he arrived in committee room 14 of the house of commons to give the members a chance to question him on the status of the war. The visit was announced several days ago by Premier Asquith.

The unrest among some of the lords which culminated in the violent denunciation of Kitchener by Winston Churchill, has been marked by a similar feeling in the commons, and to give the members first-hand information Asquith arranged for the visit. More than 200 members packed the committee room.

England Shy \$6,615,525,000.

London.—According to Reginald McKenna, chancellor of the exchequer, the deficit for 1916-17 will be met by borrowing an amount estimated at £1,323,105,000 (\$6,615,525,000). This will involve raising by loans more than £2,600,000 (\$12,000,000) daily.

Pastor Convicted of Land Fraud.

San Francisco, Cal.—Byron J. Sanford and J. F. Kelley of San Francisco and the Rev. Richard Fysh of Calwa, Cal., 61 years old, were given jail sentences in the United States district court for using the mails to defraud in a land settlement scheme.

"More Daylight" Recruits.
Chicago.—At 4:30 o'clock typewriters are shoved into their desks and the employees of the Robert H. Ingersoll & Co., and the Waterbury Clock Co. are through for the day. The two firms are recruits to the "more daylight" movement.

Hughes Is Picked by Bryan.
New Orleans, La.—William J. Bryan said here that Col. Roosevelt would not be nominated by the Republican convention. He predicted that Justice Hughes would get the nomination.

Men Held in Army.
San Antonio, Texas.—Steps have been taken by the war department to hold the army to its present strength in view of the Mexican situation. The privilege enlisted men have had of passing from the active to the reserve list at the end of three years has been withdrawn.

President at Annapolis.
Washington.—President Wilson has presented diplomas to the graduating class at the naval academy at Annapolis.

TOO MANY MEXICO TROOPS

FORCES DOUBLE SIZE OBREGON ASKED FOR.

Massing of Men South of Rio Grande Causes United States Much Concern.

Washington, D. C.—More than 20,000 Carranzistas have now been mustered in for duty along a 500-mile front just south of the Rio Grande, according to Gen. Funston's report to the war department, following careful investigation of the Mexican troop movement. This number is double that which Gen. Obregon promised to dispose in Northern Mexico.

The bulk of the 20,000 troops, mostly infantrymen, is massed in Chihuahua City and vicinity. Four thousand are in Chihuahua City, 2,000 just south of there and 5,000 have moved toward Madero, just northwest of Chihuahua City. Two thousand have moved toward Ojinaga, 300 miles east of Chihuahua City, at the tip of the Big Bend. Others are scattered at various points on the 500 miles between Madero and Ojinaga.

Funston Confirms Move.
Gen. Funston said that while the newspapers reported entrenchment of the Mexicans his investigation found no evidence of such move. In announcing this disposition, Secretary Baker declared Funston manifested no apprehension.

The nearest Mexican forces are at Madero, 50 miles northwest of Pershing's line.

In contradiction of recent reports of threats against the American forces Funston's message declared Gen. Trevino recently issued strict orders that Mexicans insulting Americans would be summarily shot.

GOETHALS BACK FROM PANAMA

Reports That All Interference by Canal Slides Has Been Completely Overcome.

New York, N. Y.—All interference with the traffic through the Panama Canal resulting from slides has been overcome and future movements of earth into the great waterway that may result from tropical rains can be taken care of in a routine manner, according to Major General George W. Goethals, who arrived here on the steamship Santa Maria from the canal zone.

Gen. Goethals added that his canal work was finished and that he expected to make only one more trip to the zone—to close up final details of the business of his administration.

CALL FOR IRISH PARLIAMENT

Evening Paper Declares Ulster Will Be Excluded in Course That Has Been Decided Upon.

London, England.—The Evening Standard makes the statement that a basis of agreement has been arrived at for settlement of the Irish question and that the proposed Irish parliament will be set up immediately, Ulster being excluded.

The parliament, this newspaper says, will be made up of the present Irish representatives in the British parliament.

Commons Adjourns Till June 20.
London.—The house of commons agreed to a motion made by Premier Asquith for adjournment till June 20.

Said to Favor Hot Springs.
New York.—General Federation of man's Clubs postponed action on the election of a city in which to hold the next convention. Invitations have been received from Hot Springs Ark., New Orleans, Baltimore and Kansas City. It is said that Hot Springs is favored.

Mayor Dies From Injuries.
Sapulpa, Ok.—W. B. Stone, 55 years old, mayor of Sapulpa, is dead here from injuries suffered when he was run down by an automobile.

Life Insurance for Soldiers.
Rome, Italy.—Italian soldiers may insure their lives for \$1,000 each, according to a new rule of the National Institute of Insurance. A request for such a policy must be made within 10 days of the soldier's arrival at the front.

Liebknecht Tried for Treason.
Copenhagen.—A Berlin dispatch says the court which conducted the examination of Dr. Karl Liebknecht, the Socialist leader, decided that he should be prosecuted for treason.

REPUBLICANS IN BIG CONVENTION

NATIONAL GATHERING OPENED FORMALLY IN CHICAGO.

CROWD FILLS THE COLISEUM

Senator Harding of Ohio Is Elected Temporary Chairman and Delivers the Keynote Speech—Committees Are Named.

Chicago, June 7.—The Republican party opened its great quadrennial show—the national convention—to-day before a capacity house. Despite the fact that the proceedings of the first session were to be only preliminary formalities, the people flocked to the Coliseum by the thousand and poured through the many entrances in solid streams for hours. When Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the national committee, arose at eleven o'clock and took up the gavel to call the convention to order there was not one vacant seat in the immense structure.

Back of the speaker's rostrum, where sat Mr. Hilles and his working force of 35 men, were grouped many members of the diplomatic corps who had come on from Washington, and the distinguished guests of the convention, among them all living ex-chairmen of Republican national conventions.

In the body of the hall, directly in front of the speaker's stand, were the 991 delegates gathered about their state standards, and back of them 991 alternates. Just below the rostrum and on both sides of it were the 425 working newspaper men, and in the galleries all around the hall were the thousands of spectators who had been fortunate to obtain admission tickets.

Convention Begins Business.
Mr. Hilles was heartily applauded when he stood before the throng, gavel in hand. He spoke but briefly in calling the great gathering to order, and called on Rev. John Timothy Stone, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian church of Chicago, to deliver the invocation.

Mr. Hilles then called for nominations for temporary chairman. Of course the selection of United States Senator Charles Warren Harding of Ohio for that position had been all settled long ago and his election by unanimous vote was only a formality. Senator Harding is an imposing figure, and as he accepted the gavel, from the hands of Mr. Hilles he was enthusiastically cheered.

Chairman Harding's Address.
Chairman Harding launched at once into his "keynote" speech, and did not belie his reputation for eloquence and definiteness of phrase. He began with a warm plea for harmony in the party ranks, coupled with the confident assertion that such harmony already was an assured fact.

As might have been expected, Mr. Harding early in his address took up the subject of national defense. His utterances on this topic were reasonably emphatic and in line with the preparedness sentiment that has been spreading over the land. Our national unselfishness has been proved since the great war broke out, he said, and our national weakness in defense revealed.

The foreign policy of the Democratic administration, both in relation to Europe and in the matter of Mexico, was dealt with in a few caustic sentences, and the plan to "turn loose" the Philippines also was scored.

The speaker devoted some attention to the need, from a Republican point of view, for a protective tariff, and then turned to the topic of Americanism.

"Verily, it is good to be an American. And we may rejoice to be Republicans," he concluded.

When the band music that burst forth at the end of Senator Harding's speech was over and the assemblage quieted down again, the other temporary officers were nominated and elected, and the chairman of the various state delegations were called on to send up the names of the men selected by the delegations to represent them on the committees on credentials, permanent organization, rules and order of business, and resolutions. In most cases the names were all ready and were soon in possession of the secretaries.

Some miscellaneous business followed, and Chairman Harding then declared the convention adjourned until Thursday morning.

The members of the committees at once gathered in the meeting places assigned them and took up their work so as to be ready to report to the second session of the convention.

Brandeis Takes the Oath.
Washington.—Louis Danbits Brandeis was sworn in as a member of the U. S. supreme court Monday.

Sheep Demand Exceeds Supply.
Sherwood, Texas.—The demand for sheep in this state is greater than ever. Hives are selling for \$7 a head and lambs at \$3 and over. Two thousand have changed hands at these figures.

Nine Dead in Wreck.
Waterloo, Iowa.—Rescue work at the scene of the recent Rock Island wreck near Packard has resulted in the finding of nine bodies, eight of which have been identified. Four or more are still missing.

Guard Killed by a Prisoner.
Joplin, Missouri.—John Louis Wells a guard over city prisoners working on a street here, was shot and killed by Wilbur Mason, one of the prisoners. Mason fled, but was caught by Deputy Constable Rogers.

Burns as Scarlet Fever Cause.
Hackney, England.—The testimony at an inquest over a little child that had died of scarlet fever, Dr. Wynn Westcott stated that it is a very curious thing that burned children often have that malady.

WORK STARTED ON NEW STATUTE

SEEK TO HAVE COMPENSATION ACT PLACED ON MISSOURI LAW BOOKS.

COMMITTEE BEGINS CAMPAIGN

Only Up-to-Date State Which Lacks Legislation—To Profit By Experience of Other Commonwealths—Need Best.

Jefferson City.

Under the direction of Mr. Alroy S. Phillips, rapid and substantial progress is being made with the organization of the campaign for a good women's compensation law for Missouri. This is the only one of the progressive states which lacks this kind of a law and all interests concerned maintain that it is time for Missouri to enact one of the best.

The organization of the general executive committee will be completed probably this week, when details and plans for the campaign will be elaborated. Though the state assembly will not meet until January, the proposition will be submitted meanwhile to the people of the state in a clear and frank manner, and a bill will be introduced as soon as the legislature opens.

All interests are co-operating harmoniously, and it seems certain the cause will make good headway. The insurance agencies have appointed representatives in the committee, but they will act almost exclusively in an advisory manner.

State Treasurer's Report.

State Treasurer Edwin P. Deal has filed with Gov. Major a statement showing the transactions and conditions of the treasury for May.

This statement shows a slight increase in the general balance over that of April 30. The figures are:

Balance on hand April 30, \$6,132,810.96; receipts, \$768,351.47; disbursements, \$751,670.01, leaving the general balance \$6,159,491.52.

There is a balance in the general revenue fund of \$186,556.99; in the state school fund of \$1,365,490.36, and in the capital building fund of \$1,826,454.63.

The balance in the general good roads fund is \$425,818.82, arising from the following sources:

Sale of option stamps, \$23,751.26; good roads fund, \$17,350.01; corporation registration tax, \$63,295.46; automobile registration, \$315,413.09.

Commission Approves Frisco Plan.

The state public service commission announced its tentative approval of the second plan for the reorganization of the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad with the exception of the voting trust clause. This feature of the plan will be taken before the supreme court.

All interested attorneys consented to the new plan, and asked the commission to make its order so that an appeal could be taken on the voting trust clause.

No objections of any kind were offered to the new plan. B. F. Yoakum said that the bondholders and the stockholders had practically all agreed to the scheme.

This view was concurred in by attorneys representing the various interests.

Ninety-three per cent of the stockholders and 91 per cent of the creditors of the company have consented to the new plan. The scheme will reduce the expenses of the company about \$6,000,000 a year. The property is in a most prosperous condition at this time.

Upholds Safety Appliance Law.

The supreme court upheld the constitutionality of the safety appliance law for factories and sustained the decision of the St. Louis circuit court in assessing a fine of \$50 against the Scullin-Gallagher company for refusal to install safeguards in compliance with that statute. The only ground considered by the court in the appeal was the constitutionality of the act, which was attacked by attorneys for the company.

Only One Man for Treasurer.

One of the unexpected developments in the make-up of the Democratic list of state candidates is the fact that there is but one man who has declared for treasurer, George H. Middlekamp, secretary of the Democratic state committee will have no opposition for that nomination.

John C. Russell, assistant state treasurer at the present time, was expected to be a candidate for the place, but concluded at the last moment not to file.

Franchise Hearing June 12.

The public service commission has set for hearing in Jefferson City June 12 the application of the Missouri Public Utilities Company of St. Louis for authority to operate under general franchises electric light and power plants in the counties of St. Francois, Stoddard and Butler.

A new point involved is the right of county courts to grant general or "blanket" franchises for electric companies. On June 12 a conference of all parties interested will go into the matter.

Must Disinfect Stock Cars.

Notice was served on all the tariffing officers of Missouri railroads by Secretary T. M. Bradbury of the state public service commission that it is the duty of the roads to clean and disinfect cars used for the transportation of live stock.

The notice was issued for the reason that the railroads have been filing with the commission tariffs which provided a charge for the service. It is the informal opinion of the commission that no charge can be made for such service.

All Counties Represented.

The Gardner Land Bank Committee announces that it has on hand 42,889 signatures, and that its signers represent not only the sixteen congressional districts, but every one of the 114 counties.

How this number of signatures compares with those which were filed under the referendum act to repeal the St. Louis home rule law and the excise act, which was submitted to the voters in 1914, is shown by the fact that the St. Louis measure had 35,777 signatures, and the excise act 35,967. When woman's suffrage was submitted it had only 35,961.

The Gardner land bank advocates are highly elated over the showing. Petitions continue to come in, and it is estimated that 45,000 names will be obtained before the time for filing arrives.

The fourteenth congressional district leads all others with 4,560 signatures.

Information comes from Washington that the Democratic convention will go on record in its platform in favor of a system of land banks, and Missouri's delegation will take an active part in bringing this about.

The Republican convention is also expected to take similar action along these lines.

Congress recently passed a law which contemplates the establishment of a series of land banks, but the bill has not yet reached the president for his signature.

Katy Crossing Plea Upheld.
Interlocking plants have been installed by the state public service commission at the intersection of the M. & K. T. Ry. with the south branch of the C. & A. at North Jefferson, Callaway county, and at the crossing of the tracks of the K. C. C. & S. near Clinton, Henry county. The Katy asked for the establishment of both interlocking plants.

Automobiles in Missouri.

There are 83,757 automobiles in use in Missouri. This is an increase over 12 months ago of 20,437. It is believed that more than 100,000 licenses will have been issued by the close of the year.

The larger number are issued at these points: St. Louis, 17,189; Kansas City, 10,179; Buchanan county, 2,230; Jasper county, 2,518.

Refuse to Expunge Report.

The supreme court denied the application of Arthur V. Lashly to have expunged from the records of St. Louis county a grand jury report in which he was said to have retained fees that did not belong to him while he was prosecuting attorney of that county.

Roach Has 14 "Reasons"

Secretary of State Cornelius Roach candidate for governor has just returned from a campaign tour of the state. Almost immediately upon his arrival at home the stork was a visitor, and added another reason to his list of arguments as to why he should be elected to office. This baby, a 12 pound girl, makes 14 children born to Mrs. Roach, of which ten are girls.

Favors Any Reorganization.

B. F. Yoakum will favor any reorganization scheme for the Frisco line that will give the stockholders the right, after it has been passed upon by the Missouri public service commission, to contest it in the courts. Mr. Yoakum made this concession in a letter to the commission written from New York.

Sentences Affirmed.

The supreme court has affirmed the sentences of the following defendants on appeal: Pearl Sloe, life imprisonment for the murder of Gut Jones in St. Louis; of Samuel Gilbert of Cedar county, for killing John Shuey; of George Jackson, of St. Joseph, who killed A. K. Godsey in attempting to rob a saloon, and of Henry Brashear of Mississippi county for manslaughter.

Temporary Capitol Flooded.

The temporary state capitol was deluged with water again. This is the fifth soaking it has had in one week. Employees were driven from their offices by the downpour. It is feared the building will not hold together until the new capitol is finished, which will probably be about the close of 1917.

Jefferson City to Get \$60,000.

The United States Senate has enacted a measure, introduced by Senator W. J. Stone, appropriating \$60,000 for the extension and improvement of the government building at the capital city.

Governor's Father Ill.

John R. Major, father of Governor Elliott W. Major, was taken from his home at Paris last week to a hospital at Hannibal. Mr. Major is 91 years old and is suffering from a complication of diseases.

Bradford Will Upheld.

The will of Frank E. Bradford of St. Louis, distributing an estate of \$300,000 was upheld in the supreme court. The decision was written by Judge Bond, and concurred in by all the other judges.

In the will the income from certain property in St. Louis, valued at \$250,000, was given a sister, Mrs. Caroline Bradford Ryan. The title was vested in Robert Rutledge, agent and confidential friend. The residue of the estate was devised to Rutledge and various church boards in St. Louis.

Missouri Salary List.

The state of Missouri expends less than 9 per cent of its revenues in salaries. This is smaller than the proportion of revenues paid for salaries by any other American state of equal wealth and population. The city of St. Louis expends 73 per cent of its revenues in salaries. This is 20 per cent more than the proportion of revenue paid out in salaries by any other American city, and 64 per cent more than the proportion paid out by the state of Missouri.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Unlovely Spots.
There's no lower the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription "chamois-double strength" is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get a piece of chamois—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.